Welcome to Washington

A guidebook for city managers

Employment Law and Labor Relations

PRESENTED BY

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We'll Discuss

- Collective Bargaining/Washington Labor Law
- Labor and Industries
- Workers Compensation Insurance
- Employment Security/Unemployment Insurance
- Risk Management



Washington Labor Law — Statuary Authority

1. Public Employees Collective Bargaining Act

•The Washington state law governing collective bargaining for city and county employees is the Public Employees Collective Bargaining Act, RCW 41.56.

2. Public Employee Relations Commission

•The Public Employment Relations Commission (PERC), is the administrative agency responsible for implementing the rules and regulations surrounding the collective bargaining process.



Collective Bargaining

There are three categories of bargaining subjects:

- 1. Mandatory wages, hours, and working conditions.
- 2.Permissive allowed only if both parties agree to bargain.

 (Be careful—once included, you must bargain to make any future changes!)
- 3.Illegal not permitted to bargain.



Collective Bargaining Rights

Employee rights under the laws of the State of Washington include:

- Two or more employees have the right to join together for the purpose of collective bargaining
- Employees have the right to associate with an established union or association for the purpose of representation and bargaining
- 2018 Supreme Court Decision Janus v. AFSCME
- Binding interest Arbitration



Prohibitions – Unfair Labor Practices (ULPs)

- "Direct dealing": When the employer deals directly with individual employees in a bargaining unit instead of designated union representatives
- Employer involvement in union business
- Unilateral changes in wages, hours or working conditions
- "Anti-union animus": Firing or discriminating against employees for participating in union activities
- Refusing to bargain or bargaining in bad faith (applies to employer and union)



Public Employment Relations Commission (PERC)

PERC is a state agency responsible for resolving disputes involving public employers and employees, and the unions that represent those employees.

Mission:

Prevent or minimize the disruption to public services through the impartial, timely, and expert resolution of labor-management disputes.



Public Employment Relations Commission (PERC) (cont'd)

- Responsible for resolving disputes between employers and unions:
 - Collective bargaining mediation
 - Collective bargaining binding arbitration (only available to certain employee groups)
 - Grievance mediation and arbitration (for disputes about contract interpretation)
 - Unfair labor practice hearings
- PERC will assign a mediator, arbitrator, or hearing examiner.
- The contract will usually spell out the process for dispute resolution.



Labor and Industries

L&I is a state agency dedicated to the safety, health, and security of Washington's 3.3 million workers.

L&I requires employers to:

- •Maintain clear and comprehensive policies and programs that help ensure the safety of workers;
- Consistently enforce those policies and programs;
- •Investigate internal or external complaints regarding alleged violations of policies or programs.



L&I Programs and Divisions

•Enforcement/Compliance:

- Conducts about 5,000 workplace visits each year (may be unannounced).
- Investigates complaints and workplace accidents or injuries.
- •Has authority to issues citations to employers, which increase significantly for more serious hazards or repeat offenses.

Consultation:

- Conducts free on-site consultation visits at employers' request.
- •Will not issue citations but may order employers to correct deficiencies within an identified timeframe.



Workers Compensation Insurance (Workers Comp)

 Washington State is one of the four remaining monopolistic states where the state government is the insurer rather than private insurance companies.

Employers with one or more employees must have workers' compensation insurance.



Obtaining coverage

Employers have two options:

- 1. Participate in the state insurance program.
- 2. Meet standards set by Washington State to be a self-insured employer.

About 400 of the largest employers in Washington, including 20 cities, are self-insured.



Why Should You Care?

- <u>The employer pays</u> (either through premiums or self-insurance) the cost of time off and/or medical treatment for injured employees.
- Partial or full disability paid by the insurer (and ultimately the employer).
- Vocational re-training paid by the insurer (and ultimately the employer).
- From studies/experience: Employees who return to work (even on light duty) tend to recover faster and more fully than employees who stay home.
- Stay at Work Program: L&I partially reimburses employers who provide temporary light or modified duty to injured employees.



Employment Security Department

The Employment Security Department is a state agency that provides temporary income to employees who lose their jobs.

- Benefits are available to employees terminated for almost any reason, and may be available even if the employee is terminated for cause.
- Benefits are available to seasonal and temporary employees.
- Benefits continued for a defined period of time as long as terminated employees continue to look for work.
- The costs of unemployment insurance are assessed against employers.



General Risk Management

Liability and Property Insurance

- 1. Risk-Sharing Pools, for example:
 - AWC Risk Management Service Agency (RMSA)
 - Washington Cities Insurance Authority (WCIA)
- 2. Self insurance (broker with self-insured retention); the city handles claim management.
- 3. Fully insured plan (with deductibles); insurer handles claim management.

Personal Excess Liability Insurance

- \$1-\$2 million
- Rider on your Homeowners Policy—not expensive



Conclusion

- The vast majority of your expenses are related to your employees. You need to pay close attention to how these areas are administered.
- Think about long term consequences of labor agreement and any changes you are considering.
- Establish good processes for labor union grievances, employee safety procedures, workplace injuries, and unemployment claims. Follow your processes consistently.
- There are good Third Party Administrators out there who can help.
- Ask MRSC/AWC/WCIA/Fellow Managers.



Questions?

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